

Disparities in Diabetes in Rhode Island

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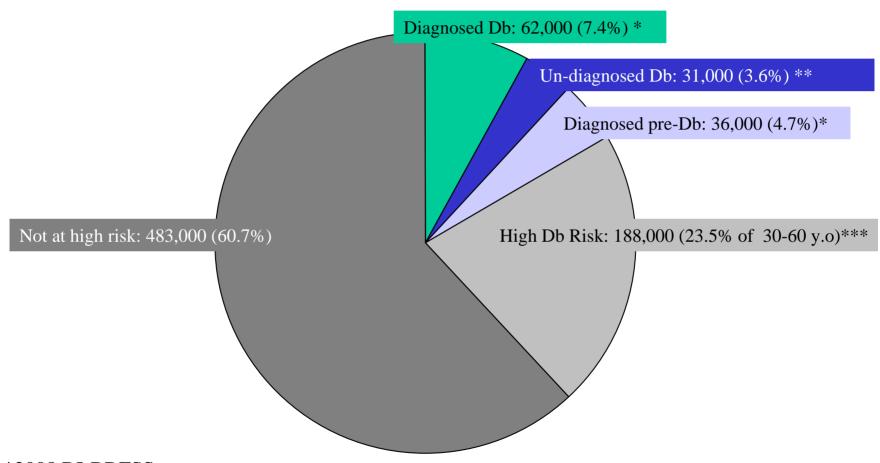
Measurement



- Prevalence of diagnosed diabetes and pre-diabetes among adults
- Rate of serious outcomes
- Prevalence of receipt of clinical preventive services among adults with diabetes

Estimated # of RI Adults With Diabetes or At Risk for Diabetes, 2008





*2008 RI-BRFSS

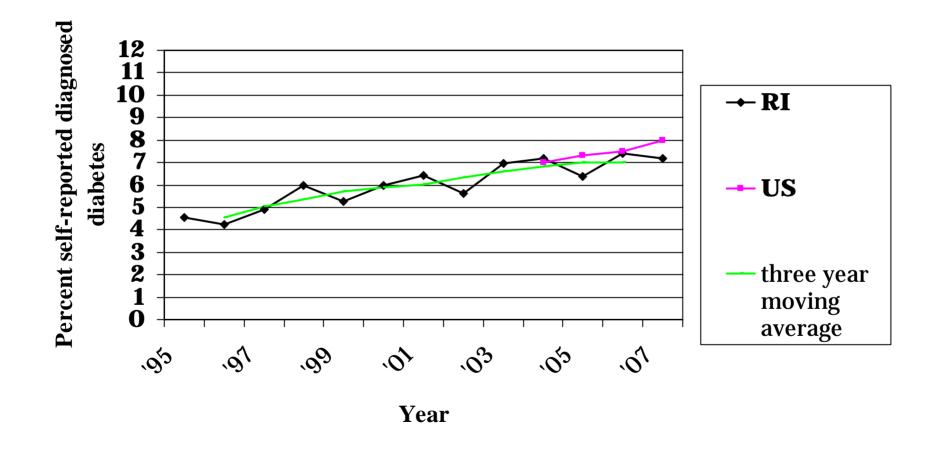
** Estimated from NHANES III data

*** 2003 RI-BRFSS

Total: 800,000 18+ adults in RI

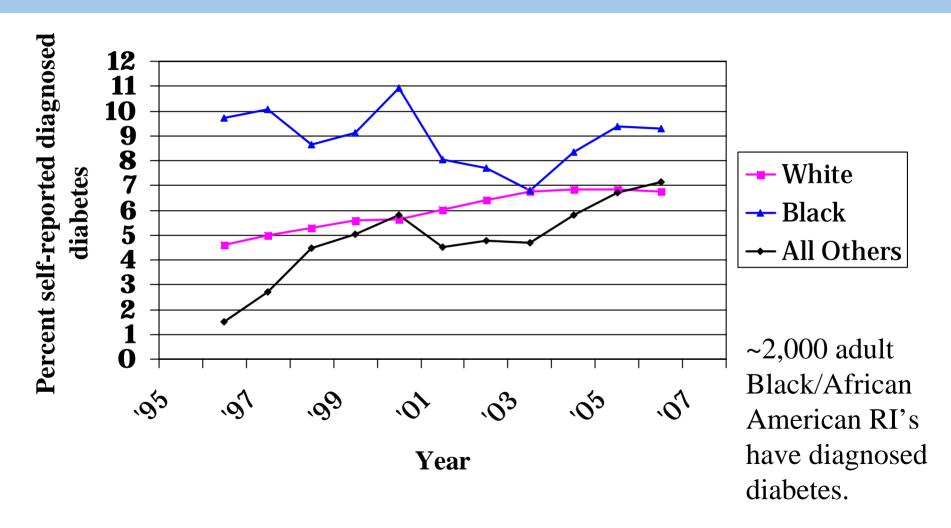
Prevalence of Diabetes among RI Adults 1995-2007





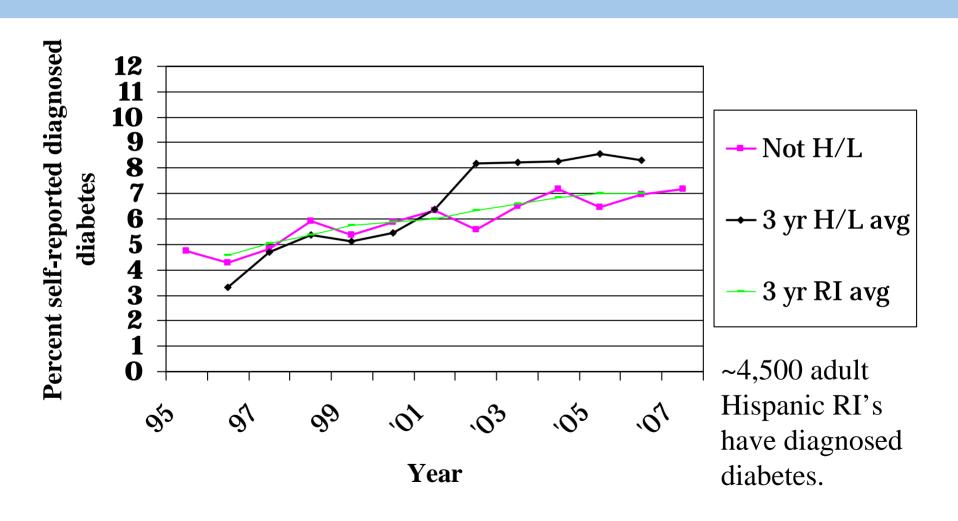
Trend of Diabetes among RI Adults by Race – 3 year moving averages





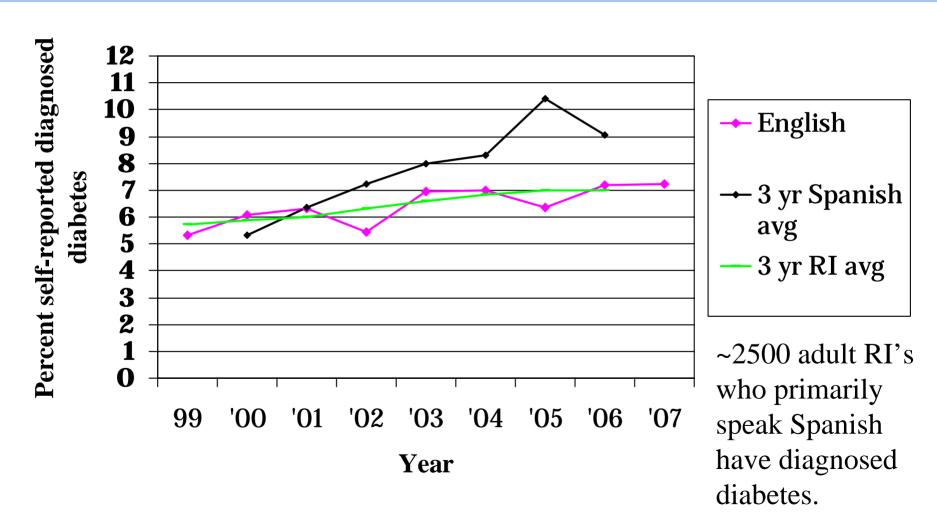
Trend of Diabetes among RI Adults by Ethnicity





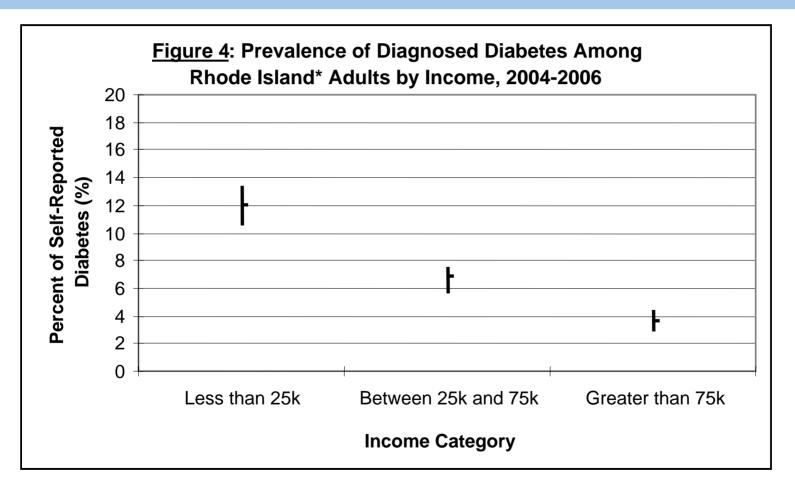
Trend of Diabetes among RI Adults by language





Prevalence of Diagnosed Diabetes by Income

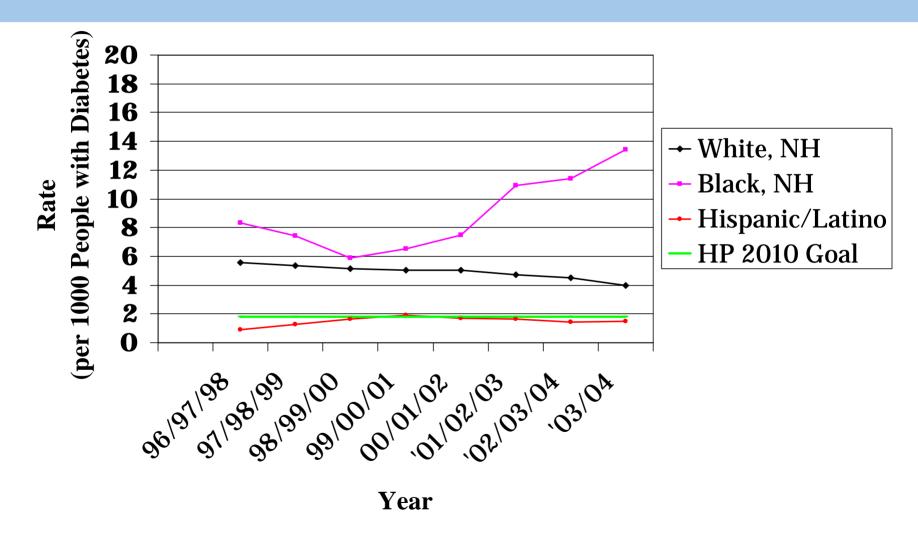




~12,000 adult RI's with an income < 25k have diagnosed diabetes.

Age-adjusted Hospital Discharge Rates for NTLEA as First-Listed Diagnosis and Diabetes as any other Diagnosis

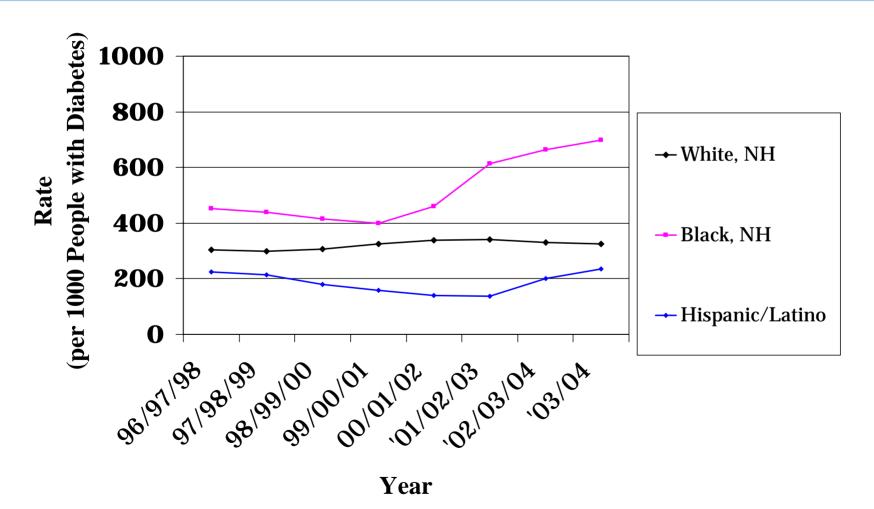




Data Sources: RI Hospital Discharge data and RI BRFSS

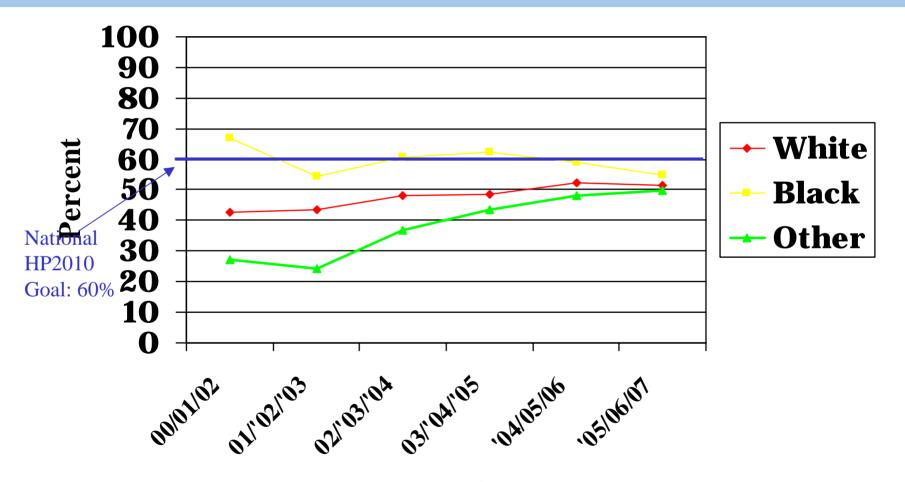
Age-adjusted Discharge Rate for Db as Any Discharge





Data Sources: RI Hospital Discharge data and RI BRFSS

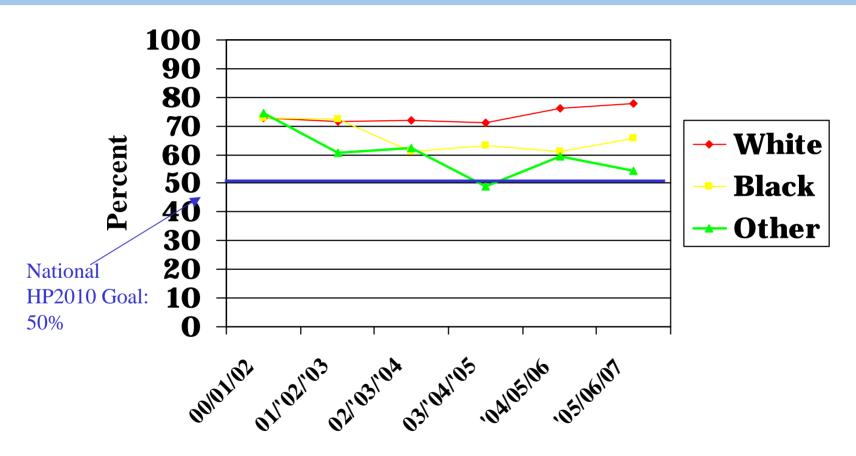
Diabetes Outpatient Education



Three Year Moving Average

At least one Hemoglobin A1c

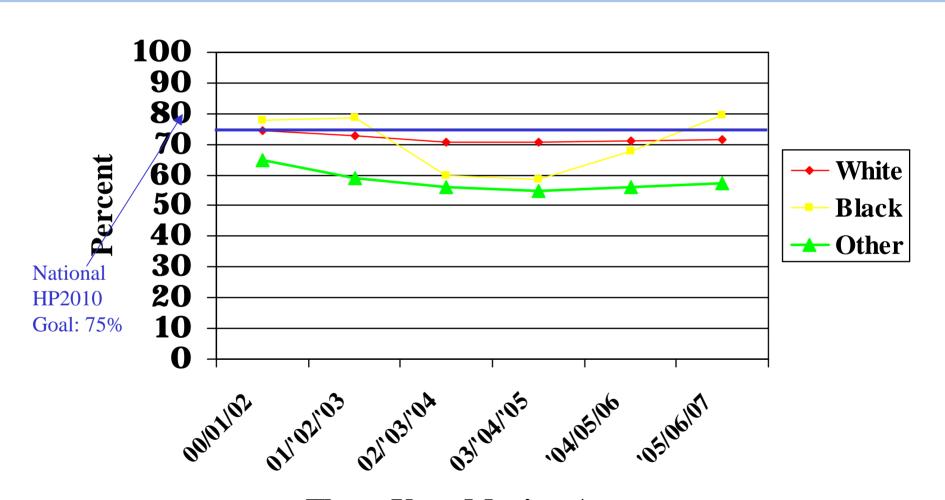




Three year moving average

Annual Foot Exam

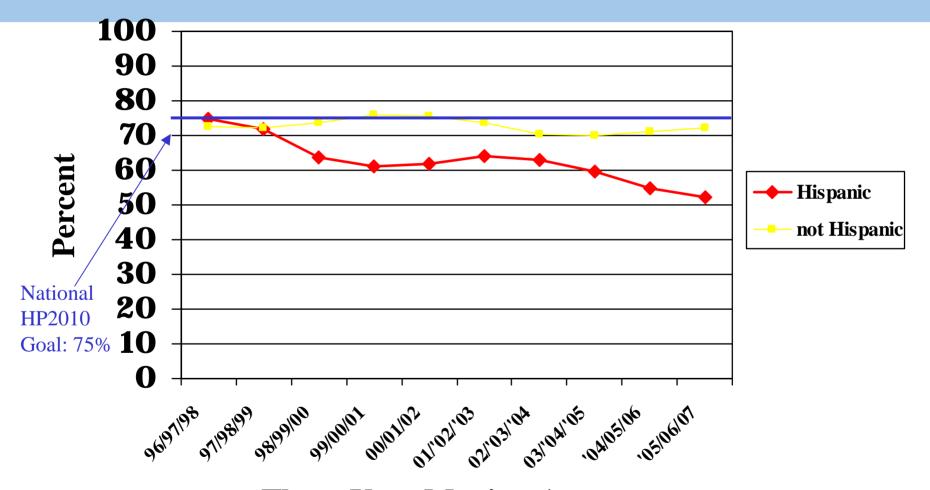




Three Year Moving Average



Annual Foot Exam by Ethnicity



Three Year Moving Average

Summary



- Diabetes is increasing in RI
- Higher prevalence of diabetes
 - Racial and Ethnic minorities
 - Spanish as primary language
 - Lower income
- Racial and Ethnic minorities have greater rate of serious outcomes due to diabetes
- Racial and Ethnic minorities receive fewer clinical preventive services, but improving



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